§872.3590

a tooth or a portion of a tooth in a fixed or removable partial denture.

(b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

 $[52~{\rm FR}~30097,~{\rm Aug.}~12,~1987,~{\rm as~amended~at}~59~{\rm FR}~63008,~{\rm Dec.}~7,~1994]$

§ 872.3590 Preformed plastic denture tooth.

(a) *Identification*. A preformed plastic denture tooth is a prefabricated device, composed of materials such as methyl methacrylate, that is intended for use as a tooth in a denture.

(b) Classification. Class II.

§ 872.3600 Partially fabricated denture kit.

- (a) Identification. A partially fabricated denture kit is a device composed of connected preformed teeth that is intended for use in construction of a denture. A denture base is constructed using the patient's mouth as a mold, by partially polymerizing the resin denture base materials while the materials are in contact with the oral tissues. After the denture base is constructed, the connected preformed teeth are chemically bonded to the base.
- (b) Classification. Class II. The special controls for this device are FDA's:
- (1) "Use of International Standard ISO 10993 Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices—Part I: Evaluation and Testing," and
- (2) "OTC Denture Reliners, Repair Kits, and Partially Fabricated Denture Kits."

 $[52\ FR\ 30097,\ Aug.\ 12,\ 1987,\ as\ amended\ at\ 65\ FR\ 17144,\ Mar.\ 31,\ 2000]$

§872.3640 Endosseous implant.

- (a) *Identification*. An endosseous implant is a device made of a material such as titanium intended to be surgically placed in the bone of the upper or lower jaw arches to provide support for prosthetic devices, such as artificial teeth, and to restore the patient's chewing function.
 - (b) Classification. Class III.
- (c) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval. See §872.3.

§ 872.3645 Subperiosteal implant material.

(a) Identification. Subperiosteal implant material is a device composed of titanium or cobalt chrome molybdenum intended to construct custom prosthetic devices which are surgically implanted into the lower or upper jaw between the periosteum (connective tissue covering the bone) and supporting bony structures. The device is intended to provide support for prostheses, such as dentures.

(b) Classification. Class II.

§872.3660 Impression material.

- (a) Identification. Impression material is a device composed of materials such as alginate or polysulfide intended to be placed on a preformed impression tray and used to reproduce the structure of a patient's teeth and gums. The device is intended to provide models for study and for production of restorative prosthetic devices, such as gold inlays and dentures.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.

§872.3670 Resin impression tray material.

- (a) Identification. Resin impression tray material is a device intended for use in a two-step dental mold fabricating process. The device consists of a resin material, such as methyl methacrylate, and is used to form a custom impression tray for use in cases in which a preformed impression tray is not suitable, such as the fabrication of crowns, bridges, or full dentures. A preliminary plaster or stone model of the patient's teeth and gums is made. The resin impression tray material is applied to this preliminary study model to form a custom tray. This tray is then filled with impression material and inserted into the patient's mouth to make an impression, from which a final, more precise, model of the patient's mouth is cast.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general